course, I'm not a candidate, I've got plenty of business to attend to of my own, and I wanted to go abroad this fall, and I've told them absolutely that I wouldn't

Mr. Murphy himself had told Metz he had better take the job. McCooey didn't let him out of his sight, because the Comptroller's office, he frankly said, ought to belong to the Borough of Brooklyn.

Magistrate Schulz had consistently assured the Tammany leaders that he could not and would not take a designation when he had only just been appointed to the Police Bench by Mayor Gaynor, who had been eliminated.

Likewise, Congressman Goulden had telegraphed from Washington two weeks ago that he would not take the Presidency of the Board of Albermen, but when he reached Terrace Garden in the automobile with Arthur Murphy, the

when he reached Terrace Garden in the automobile with Arthur Murphy, the Bronx leader, he was told that the job was his, and he must take it.

So the disturbances which the story-tellers described in the corridors of Terrace Garden were far less significant than they were depicted.

John F. Galvin, chairman of the city committee, called the first session to order at precisely 3:43 o'clock. Charley White was sergeant at arms.

was sergeant at arms.

Thomas F. Smith, the secretary of Tam-many Hall, called the roll of 630 dele-gates from the sixty-three Assembly districts in exactly thirteen minutes.

When Aaron J. Levy, chairman of the Assembly managers in the Sulzer impeachment, answered scattering cheers

he charged the fusion committee with po-litical irresponsibility and prophested that Tammany would have no trouble in de-feating the candidates it has put up. Mr. Galvin said that the three principal nomi nees had taken turns calling one another names and that there was no unity of pur-

pose or character among them. pose or character among them.
"Mr. Mitchel is purely an opportunist."
he said. "For three years and a half he labored to solve this West Side freight problem. And what is the result? He produced a plan which is knocked by every civic body of importance in the city, and after all his efforts in three years the problem is as far from solution as it was the day he began.

'He also evolved the plan for a South Brooklyn freight terminal which has been condemned by his associates in the Board of Estimate. His acceptance of Hearst as his political adviser and his willingness to fellow Hearst in the big matters that come besore the Board of Estimate and his avowed socialistic tendencies have caused the taxpayers of the dencies have caused the taxpayers of the city to look upon him as a dangerous man to put into the responsible office of

Platform Is Adopted.

The first thing to come before the evening session was the platform. It was adopted without discussion and with a great show of enthusiasm. Then came

great show of enthusiasm. Then came the nominating speeches.

Alfred J. Talley, who had been summoned in a hurry from the New York Athletic Club, where he was at dinner, made the speech nominating Judge McCall for Mayor. He sketched Mr. McCall's career in the usual fashion.

When he spoke Judge McCall's name the committeemen cheered, got up on their chairs and waved their hats and hand-kerchiefs. The band started "Three

kerchiefs. The band started "Three Cheers for the Red, White and Blue," and for a minute or so the meeting was in an uproar, but the foregone conclusion that rs knocked the spontanety out of the

demonstration.

Robert F. Wagner, who is now president of the State Senate, seconded Judge McCall's name. Congressman James J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn and Senator Ber-Judge McCall.

When they had finished Mr. Galvin said: "Are there any other nomina-

Goulden Takes Floor.

Congressman Goulden got up from among the Bronx committeemen, and for among the Bronx committeemen, and for an instant a wave of expectation passed through the meeting. It was supposed that Mr. Goulden was about to name another man for the Mayoralty, but he quickly quieted suspicion.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, "The Bronx has not yet been heard from. I want to speak for Judge McCall."

spokesman for the delegation said that reelection." e could only give nine votes, because ne man was absent. So the record stood 629 votes for Mr. McCall, and one ab sentee.
Michael F. McGoldrick of Brooklyn

Michael F. McGoldrick of Brooklyn nominated Mr. Metz.

"He brings sunshine to the bowl of sorrow." said Mr. McGoldrick.

Congessman Henry M. Goldfogle, Speaker Alfred E. Smith of the Assembly, who sat next to Charles F. Murphy, John M. Tieraey of The Bronx and John F. Klein of Queens, seconded the nomination of Mr. Metz. Mitchell Names Goulden.

Richard H. Mitchell of The Bronx

nominated Congressman Goulden and John F. McIntyre and and Senator Henry P. Velte seconded his nomination. The vote for Mr. Metz and Mr. Goulden was the same as that for Judge McCall.

While Charles F. Murphy was talking to his leaders in the intermission William H. Chesebrough, chairman of the City Economy League, came to see him.

"Mr. Chesebrough wanted to see him.
"Mr. Chesebrough wanted to suggest
to me that Robert E. Dowling should be
named for Comptroller," Mr. Murphy explained afterward. "Mr. Chesebrough
was told that the choice was in the hands
of the computitement."

It was reported also that a committee representing one of the Gaynor leagues had called to see Mr. Murphy, but he said he knew nothing of their visit.

MORE DESIGNATIONS BY MOOSE.

Trade With the Republicans in 28th Assembly District.

The Progressives made designations in the following districts last night: ALDERMANIC. Dist.
24 Adolf Weiner.
25 George Johnston.
26 Henry Jarvis.
27 Harry Cohen.

ASSEMBLY. 22 William D. Howell. 34 Otto Henschel

The Republicans of the Twenty-eighth Assembly district swapped support with the Progressives last night in making their designations. George E. Finlater, a Progressive, who ran for Assemblyman last year, was designated for the Assembly and Frederick Trau, a Republican, was designated for Alderman and indorsed by the Progressives. Brooklyn Designations.

The following designations were made in Brooklyn yesterday: Republican.

ASSEMBLYMAN William J. McRoberts, P. ALDERMEN. dwd. B. Balentine. 63 *Edward Eichhorn.

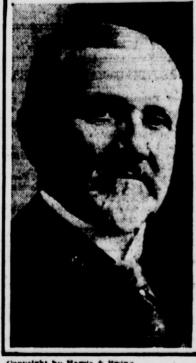
Progressive. ALDERMEN. 63 Wm. B. Saniford.

BIG GOLD STRIKE IN ALASKA. Twenty Dump Cart Loads of, Earth

Produce \$150 Worth. Mone, Alaska, Aug. 23.—The most important gold strike in the vicinity of Nome since the discovery of the third beach line has been made on Golden Cow claim, where twenty dump cartloads produced \$150 worth of gold dust.

A rich strike also has been made on Manual Creek.

Joseph A. Goulden Tammany's nominee for President of Board of Aldermen.



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GAYNOR URGED FOR FUSION PEACEMAKER

Ross Appleton Would Recast Ticket and Drop Out Mitchel.

000 Votes.

"Why not recast the whole fusion ticket, asked R. Ross Appleton yesterday, "with Mayor Gaynor at the head of it? Why not use the shovel, which typifies the ouilding of subways, to bury all opposi-

At the same time Mr. Appleton, who is chairman of the Mayor Gaynor Fusion and Nominating League, said he couldn't tell whether such a proposal would be put to John Purroy Mitchel or Norman

"A ticket made up that way," Mr. Appleton went on, "would give the voters of New York an opportunity they haven't had in a generation. It would unques-tionably be the most popular ticket that could be put in the field."

Mr. Appleton did not want to say what eliminations would have to be made in the fusion ticket to make it agreeable to Mr. Gaynor. Mr. Whitman, no doubt, would

fusion committee, his comment was:
"Forget it. That's the best thing to do
with such talk. We have plenty of work

Herman Ridder, at his house at Edgemere, L. I., was asked yesterday to tell
what plans the Gaynor committee has
with regard to the rest of the ticket.

"I do not want to tell Speak for Judge McCall."

As soon as he had finished and it was apparent that no other nominations were to be made, the Assembly districts lined up with ten votes apiece, except in a single instance, for Judge McCall.

In the Third district of Brooklyn the spokesman for the delegation said that the spokesman for the delegation said the spokesman for the delegation said that the spokesman for the delegation said the sp

A member of the Gaynor committee made an analysis of the situation as it stands, drawing some of his conclusions from figures in the election of four years ago. The vote in 1909 was: Gaynor, 250,378;

Bannard, 177,304; Hearst, 154,187.
In the coming campaign Mr. McCall takes the place of Mr. Gaynor as the Demo-cratic nominee, Mr. Mitchel that of Mr. Bannard as the fusion candidate and Mr. Gaynor that of William R. Hearst as the whird candidate. The Mayor's committeemen held that the

parallel between the two campaigns ends

McCall Not So Strong.

"In the first place," said one of the Gay-nor managers, "McCall is not so strong as Gaynor was four years ago. The present because the Hebrew vote is pro-Sulzer. Moreover, the man in the street believer Sulzer was impeached because he refused to take orders. McCall will have to bear

"As for John Purroy Mitchel, he will not

poll the independent Democratic vote. The large and small business men of the city won't vote for a man who they fear is inclined toward socialism. You remember his first act as a member of the Board of Estimate was toward the sum-mary removal of the New York Central tracks on the West Side. He showed that he is impulsive. He is young inexperi-enced and unreliable and these are ad-jectives that don't appeal to conservatives. "Mitchel won't get the Republican vote because Whitman was turned down. His be done was trength, such as it is, lies with theorist and members of so-called reform organianot be rig

"Gaynor will get most of the German vote and 50 per cent. of the Republican vote. If from them, the conservatives will win. McCall's vote won't be over

NO SLATE IN BROOKLYN.

Democrats to Make Borough and County Designations To-morrow.

The Brooklyn pemocrats wih make their designations for borough and county offices at Saengerbund Hall to-morrow night.

morrow night.
So far, according to John H. McCooey,
the county leader, nothing definite has
yet been determined in regard to the
slate except the renomination of Surrogate Ketcham, and its makeup is likely
to await the conference of the executive
committee called for to-morrow after-

noon.

Half a dozen names at least have been under discussion for the Borough President to run against Lewis H. Pounds, who has been already named by the Republicans, Progressives and Independence League. They include Arthur S. Somers, John F. Cisrke, Edward Riegelman and Arthur S. Sullivan, and there is an equally large list of supposed available candidates for each of the other offices.

Sylvan Levy, one of Mr. McCooey's Sylvan Levy, one of Mr. McCooey's most active Democratic constituents in the Eighteenth Assembly district, may get one of the places on the county ticket. There has been much speculation in Bull Moose circles as to whether the Democrats will reciprocate for the indorsement of Surrogate Ketcham by the Progressives by accepting one of their candidates.

TAMMANY PLATFORM CONGRESS MAY TURN STRONG FOR ECONOMY ITS GUNS ON SULZER

Holding Down Expenditure Is Made Leading Issue, and Fusion Record Is Condemned.

MITCHEL HIT FOR SUBWAYS

Responsible Party Government Contrasted With Weak Fabric of Opposition.

The Tammany platform adopted last night for the purpose of the city cam-paign calls for rigid economy, tax reduction, the speedy construction of subways an extension of the merit system in the civil service, and the divorce of the police from the duty of carrying out the excise, vice and gambling laws.

This last provision is in line with the ecommendation of the Wagner Senate committee which investigated police con ditions in New York last spring, that a separate. department be created for the suppression of evils which have been the fruitful source of corruption in the Police

epartment. The platform provided also for the extension of the system of public markets— a plank almost identical with one in the fusion platform. The Tammany men, in terms similar to those used by the fusion-ists, call also for the rigid enforcement of the eight hour law and the equal pay

aw on municipal work.

This is the platform as it was adopted

The Democratic party of the city of New York, through its duly qualified representatives here assembled, renewing its declaration of loyalty to the historic principles and policies of the Democratic party, adopts the following platform:

Economy of Administration.—The existing financial condition of the city resulted interesting in the control of the city resulted in the city of th

FORGET IT, SAYS HAPGOOD

Mayor's Committeemen Figure

That He Will Get 225,
000 Votes.

Isting financial condition of the city requires immediate and rigid economy. The quires immediate and rigid economy. The behavior of this cannot be overstated, and the Democratic party pledges itself during the next administration to take drastic and immediate action to that end. The bonded debt of the city should not be increased except for the absolutely essential improvements. Every unnecessary item should be eliminated from the annual budget.

The city debt now amounts to alm twelve hundred million dollars; the annual budget to almost two hundred millions. The Board of Estimate and the Board of Aldermen are charged by law with the responsibility for the city's current and permanent expenditures. Both these bodies during the last four years were controlled by fusion majorities.

Failure of Fusion Promises.

The members of the present majority in the Board of Estimate, who are now the candidates of the opposition for the nicipal offices, have failed in their prom ises for economy made four years ago. They have increased the funded debt of the city by over \$300,000,000. They have increased the annual budget out of all proportion to the natural growth of the by the addition of thirty millions. civic problems. They have conducted ex-

fusion ticket to make it agreeable to Mr. Gaynor. Mr. Whitman, no doubt, would not be called to serve in the Gaynor ticket.

Hapgood Says "Forget It!"

When Mr. Appleton's remarks were carried to Norman Hapgood, chairman of the fusion government composed of officials owing no responsibility to each other, seeking to exploit themselves by unnecessary and extrawagant expenditures of public moneys has failed.

Responsible party government will solve

Responsible party government will solve

devised with a view to lessening the tax now borne by real estate. Home Rule—We believe that the city

of New York is entitled to absolute selfgovernment in local affairs without interference by the State Legislature. In com-pliance with the demand for this auton-omy the Democratic Legislature at the last session enacted the home rule law, giving every city of the State power to manage and control its local affairs. We believe that the powers conferred upon the city authorities by this measure are ample and complete and that it will prelegislative interference by vicious mandatory enactments.

Mitchel Attacked.

Rapid Transit-John Purroy Mitchel, the candidate of the opposition for the office of Mayor, opposed the building of subways. He used every effort to block their construction. We pledge our candidates to the earliest completion of the approved, and as soon as the finances of the city permit to extensions to districts for which adequate provision has not been

made.
Development of Port—We recognize the fundamental relationship between the commercial interests of the port of New York and the welfare of the city and pledge ourselves to immdeiate vigorous efforts to promote and maintain the supremacy of the port.
Public Schools—We commend the vigor and intelligence with which the present Board of Education is solving educational

Board of Education is solving educational

problems.

The work of the school should be adapted to the needs of the children and be done with less machinery and more The course of study should not be rigid, but flexible, and should be revised with a view to the economic, social and industrial needs of the various

favor the extension of such courses in day and evening schools. We believe in the wider use of school buildings and in their maintenance as so-cial centres when not required for the work of instructing the children. We pledge ourselves to use every effort to secure a seat in the schools for every child.

The present part time conditions should not be tolerated. We pledge a non-political and non-factional, a liberal and efficient administration of the public schools.

Fire Prevention—We nledge ourselves.

cient administration of the public schools.

Fire Prevention—We pledge ourselves
to the extension of the high pressure
water system, the fireproof construction
of buildings wherever possible, and to
other fire protective and preventive
measures, to the end that the great loss
of life and property may be minimized,
and a reduction in the cost of fire insurance secured for our citizens. ance secured for our citizens

Civil Service-We believe that for the promotion of greater efficiency employees in the civil service should be afforded protection from unjust removal and the merit system extended whenever practi-cable. Labor—We favor the strict observance

and enforcement of the eight hour law and prevailing rate of wages law on all public works.

Markets—We favor the development of

Markets—We favor the development of a public market system.

Police—We favor separating the suppression of gambling, disorderly houses and kindred vices from the Police Department and advocate passage of legislation for that purpose.

We pledge the candidates of the Democratic party to give to the city of New York at this critical period of its history an honest, efficient and economical administration.

Continued from First Page

What is the trouble and what can I do to importance for you to cable me on receip of this letter, so that I can act positively and intelligently with our friends. Governor is becoming exasperated and you know delays are dangerous. If some thing is not done speedily I am afraid the Governor will turn his attention to othe matters and the whole thing will be off Cable me on receipt of this letter, so that I will know what to do.

"Give my best wishes to all our mutus friends. I have received several importan letters from them and am doing all I can to help them. I think it would be a good idea for you to get back here during the holidays. With best wishes believe me, as ever, very sincerely your friend, "WILLIAM SULZER."

Resolution in Congress.

When the revolution broke out in Nica-ragua and Zelaya and Juan J. Estrada were at each other's throats in the field Representative Sulzer introduced a join resolution authorizing and directing of the United States to marines there and calling Zelaya a die tator. This was on December 6, 1909, Ten days later the following cablegrams

Ten days later the following cablegrams were exchanged:

"GUATEMALA DEC, 16, 1909.

"Gov. Spriggs, Waldorf, New York: Leaving Monday. Necessary impress our friends no better man for President Nicaragua than Gen. Juan Estrada, already appointed by revolution. That is Central-American appinion."

"SEXATOR." R. Frias, Gran Hotel, Gmala City.

New York 16 de Dicember de 1909. Recibido en Guatemala a las 5 h P. M. Receptor CYC. Request granted; will favor Estrada, although Guatemala is not appreciating our efforts.

Spriggs,

Fillowing the "request granted" of exGov. Spriggs, a joint resolution was introduced in the House on January 10, 1919, by
Representative Sulzer declaring that the

United States recognize Estrada in Nic-aragua. This was according to the desire of Guatemala's President, Cabrera. very next day, January 11, Representative Sulzer made a speech in Congress denouncing Zelaya as a tyrant.

On December 2, 1909, Senator Frias

cabled Sulzer "Good news soon," but a few days later he received the following, telegraphed to New Orleans and mailed from there to Guatemala:

*President Cabrera must send Spriggs

concession immediately or matter declared off. Shall I cable President direct? Answer quick; delay dangerous, SULZER.

Anxious for News. On October 13, 1910, the following letter was sent from New York to Senator Frias

at Guatemala City:
"My DEAR TONY: It is some time since I heard from you. How are you and how are you getting along and what is the news? The long delays to which we have all been subjected are becoming unbearable. I know of course how you feel about it and the many difficulties with which you have to contend, and no one appreciates it more than I do and makes more apologies. However, the matter must be nearing an end, because all things come to an end sooner or

"I am looking after matters here as carefully as possible and the Governor keeps me posted and advised. The Judge is back from Europe, but did not succeed and will probably write you before he leaves for Cuba in a week or so

"Do you think it would do any good if I came to Guatemala immediately after election, November 8? Think this over and let me know about it. "I made the best fight I possibly could

for the nomination for Governor, but did not succeed, as I could not overcome the combined efforts of the machine. However, the better luck next time. I have no regrets Misfortunes are often blessings in disguise

heet headed, "Confidential Memorandum, which reads:

"I have been of the opinion for some time that the President would not grant the loan for personal reasons. If you come to this had better get the Spriggs matter signed and approved and bring that home with you. Don't come back without it. The President has promised this over and over doing it now. Talk to him about it plain all the trouble the Governor has been to. Now he has the money and is ready to go ahead. All he is waiting for is the

On November 15 President Estrada Cabrera at Guatemala City received this

"PRESIDENT ESTRADA CABRERA, Guatemala City-Senator Frias informs me of your firm attitude toward my friends and thanking you I strongly beg that matters be concluded and Gov. Spriggs affair de cided forthwith as you have kindly agreed.

and cablegrams signed by Representative

A Conspiracy Claimed.

"In one of our actions we are claiming a conspiracy as a result of which the State claim to a wrongful claimant. Our belief is that whatever influence was necessary to be brought to bear on the departments in Washington was largely made up of work going to do what we can to get the State whom they were misled.

These letters and telegrams which I have produced show that Mr. Sulzer was the ommunities within the city.

We believe in vocational training and senator Frias until the break bewteen Frias was so very far away that everybody concerned thought it was safe to put one over on him, as the vernacular has it. Senator Frias will be glad to testify before a Congressional committee of investigation. Gov. Sulzer will undoubtedly be called upon

"When our conspiracy suit comes to trial we shall, of course, call him as a witness, We want to question him about many

SULZER COURTS PUBLICITY.

Secretary Platt Says He Aided Reilly Through Friendship.

ALBANY, Aug. 23 .- Gov. Sulzer continues to walk from Executive Mansion the Executive Chamber each morning. He reached the Capitol to-day at 11 o'clock. He now enters the Executive Chamber by the private door. Before his impeachment he never used this door always reaching the Executive offices through the public entrance.

Gov. Sulzer spends much of his time at the Executive Chamber and at the Executive Mansion reading the newspa pers and cutting out favorable editorials

Boats East 99th & 134th St. Free Fireworks Tues. & Thursdays

sebere Bridge Trolley Also Direct

and comments which are reprinted for mailing. His publicity bureau is working overtime.

It is plain from the talk of Gov. Sulzer's friends that he expects to put up such a defence before the court of impeachment that thirty-eight of the fifty-six members of the court will not vote to convict. The Governor's friends point out that it was a hard job to get the necessary majority of the 150 Assemblymen to vote for impeachment and their opinion is that it would be impossible for the ing overtime.

It is plain from the talk of Gov. Sulzer's friends that he expects to put up such a defence before the court of impeachment that thirty-eight of the fiftyconvict. The Governor's friends point out that it was a hard job to get the neces-sary majority of the 150 Assemblymen to vote for impeachment and their opinion sary majority of the 150 Assemblymen to vote for impeachment and their opinion is that it would be impossible for the Governor's political foes to get two-thirds of the fifty-six members of the impeachment oburt to vote to convict him. If the Governor has nineteen votes in the impeachment court he cannot be convicted.

Chester C. Platt, secretary to Gov. Sul-zer, gave out the following statement to-

directly or indirectly, anything in regard to the present political situation in Greater New York.

Greater New York.

"Gov. Sulser has read what appears in to-day's New York Times about Cuban matters. He courts the fullest publicity so far as those allegations concern him. Whatever he did to help Mr. Reilly was done as a matter of friendship. Ex. President Roosevelt, ex-Secretary of State Root and ex-Secretary of War Taft are familiar with all the circumstances; they passed upon the case and stances; they passed upon the case and they decided in favor of Mr. Reilly. These matters are of record in the War Depart-ment, and the Department of State in

Washington. "Mr. Sulzer has always been the consistent friend of Cuba and of the Cuban people. He has never been interested, however, directly or indirectly in any Cuban contract or any Cuban financial

"Mr. Sulzer is not concerned in any way with the legal controversy now pending between Reilly and Frias and Bishop Broderick."

Broderick."

Secretary Platt was not present at talks between Gov. Sulzer and some of his friends at various times when the Governor told them that no matter what the verdict of the court of impeachment he would stump every street corner in New York city to aid the election of John Purroy Mitchel as Mayor.

Acting Charles and Bishop

"The Knickerbocker Press is in a position to announce that this evidence appears to be of such a nature and so conclusive that no Grand Jury or District Attorney will dare or even desire to ignore it."

McGUIRE DECLINES TO RUN.

York city to aid the election of John Pul-roy Mitchel as Mayor.

Acting Governor Glynn spent most of his time to-day in his shirt sleeves work-ing in the editorial and composing rooms of his newspaper. He was at the Capitol for an hour this afternoon. He granted requisition papers to two officials from New Jersey for the extradition of Giu-

been filed with Gov. Sulzer een filed with Gov. Sulzer.

It was announced from Washington to- against the fusionists.

TO ASK MURPHY'S INDICTMENT

Sulter's Albany Organ Has Some Black Type Seare Heads.

ALBANT, Aug. 24 .- The Knickerbooker Press prints a story this morning which is headed:
"Grand Jury indictments of Murphy,

Frawley and Levy to be asked on evidence prepared by eminent lawyers. Second chapter in exposure of plot to destroy Sulzer reveals amasing sensation; im-peachment of Sulzer a vengeful subterfuge and incident calculated by Murphy to cloak with respectability diabolical con-spiracy to turn people's money in un-checkable golden stream into the already overflowing coffers of the dictator's criminal followers."

criminal followers."

The Knickerbocker Press story says:
"Evidence is now being prepared by eminent lawyers, who are acting from the highest patriotic motives and without hire, which will be presented to a Grand Jury, and upon which indictments will be asked of Charles F. Murphy; boss of Tammany Hall; James J. Frawley, chairman of the joint investigating committee which of the joint investigating committee which framed up the impeachment proceedings against Gov. Sulzer; Aaron J. Levy, Murphy leader of the Assembly, and perhaps others in the plot.

"The Knickerbacker Press is in a position to appeause that this evidence appreciation to the contemporary that the evidence appears to the contemporary that the evidence appears the contemporary that the evidence appears the contemporary that the contemporary

Want Their Nomination.

New Jersey for the extradition of Gluseppe Corrento and Eugene Britton on a charge of assault. Britton is under arrest at White Plains and Corrento is in the Tombs in New York city.

He received the minutes of the meetings of the boards of managers of several State institutions, which previously have been filed with Gov. Sulzer.

Medure and the Republicans have put a borough and county ticket in the field.

"BARON" ACCUSED OF \$4,000 GEM THEFT

Warrant Out. for Harry E. Simonin, Well Known

at Newport.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—Magistrate Har-ris has issued a warrant for the arrest of Harry H. Simonin, once a figure at New-port and Atlantic City. Simonin is accused of larceny.

Two years ago Simonin fell heir to \$50,000 and proceeded at once to spend it at the rate of \$1,000 a week. When his patri-mony was gone he met and was befriended by an old college friend. Paul Oliver, memgrocers, who resides at 4034 Spruce stre in one of the most exclusive sections of this city.

The Olivers went to Chelsea early in the summer and took Simonin with them. He was allowed the use of the family's automo-bile and made frequent trips to this city in the machine.

Mr. Oliver discovered a few weeks ago that his house here had been looted and an investigation made by private deter-tives disclosed the fact that Simonin had tives disclosed the fact that Simonin had disposed of the jewels which had been stolen.

Mr. Oliver charges that the man whom he

befriended disposed of jewelry valued at more than \$4,000, and after the evidence had been obtained a warrant was issued for Simonin's arrest. The search for the missing man led last week to Newport, but he had left there for Narragansett, and when that resort was visited he had disappeared again.

Four years ago Harry Simonin of Philadelphia took a trip abroad and returned a Baron Henri H. Simonin. He was qui willing to talk about the metamorphosis. He said his father had told him they were descended from a noble family, so he decided to go abroad and investigate his righ

He also confided that his mother had given fine time in Paris, and the money didn't last long. So he cabled for more money and got \$1,000, with this advice from his mother. "When you are near the end of this sum buy a ticket for America and then sail, for there vill be no more money coming.

and drop the title in America, "as it might not go well along Broadway." He was 21, ears old at the time.

Aznold. Constable & Co.

Monday and Tuesday, a Superb Collection of ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS

Oriental Rugs of Medium Size

At Most Unusual Price Concessions

Special lot of 200 fine antique Daghestan and Cabistan Rugs; exceptional qualities and colorings. Average size 4 x 6.

500 MOUSOUL AND KHURDISTAN RUGS. Rich, dark red colorings. Average size 3.9 x 6.8.

Formerly \$45.00 to \$75.00

Formerly \$18 to \$45 Now 13.50 to 30.00 200 BELUCHISTANS AND AFGHAN RUGS. Average size 2.6 x 4.0.

Now 30.00, 40.00, 50.00 200 KERMANSHAHS AND SAROUKS.

> Exquisitely soft and beautiful colorings. Average size, 4.0 x 6.6.
> Formerly \$80 to \$150 Now 52.50 to 100.00

100 HIGH GRADE PERSIAN, INDIA AND TURKISH CARPETS, ranging in size from 6 x 9 to 14 x 20, at a Formerly \$18 to \$50.00 Now 12.50 to 30.00 reduction of 331% from their usual prices.

CHOICE SILK RUGS—Centres of soft ivory, red and green tones in Prayer and allover designs. To Close 64.00 to 87.00 Regularly \$100.00 to \$160.00.

High-Grade Carpets

From Our Regular Stock at Very Special Prices.

A Large Variety of Patterns and Colors.

BEST ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC BRUSSELS, BEST ENGLISH WILTON. Now 2.00 2.50 2.75 Formerly \$1.65. \$1.75, \$2.00 yard. Now 1.00 1.10 1.25 1.35 Formerly \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00 yard.

BEST SCOTCH AXMINSTERS Formerly \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 yard. Now 2.50 3.00 3.50 Made Up Carpet Rugs

For this sale, one-third less than regular prices:

Another new lot made from our best Wilton, Velvet, Brussels and Axminster carpets. 6.00 Value \$9.00 Size 8.3x11.0 17.50 Value \$26.00 Value \$13.50 20.00 Size 9.0x12.0 Size 6.0x 7.6 Value \$30.00 Value \$15.00 10.00 27.50 Size 6.9x 8.5 Size 9.9x13.0 Value \$40.00 15.00 Value \$22.50 35.00 Size 6.0x11.3 Size 10.6x14.0 Value \$52.00

Remarkable Sale of Velour Portieres

REVERSIBLE-soft and silky and in a charming variety of harmonious colors.

Self colored figured borders, extra fine quality. 14.75 Value \$25.00

IRISH POINT CURTAINS,

CLUNY LACE CURTAINS,

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